

**NGST** 

# **NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE**

# SUPPORT SYSTEMS MODULE OFF-SITE @ STScI

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# **NGST**

## **NGST SSM\* OFF-SITE AGENDA**

#### **DAY 1:** The Information

	Top Level Science Drivers	Mather / Stockman	3:00 - 3:30
•	Top Level Systems Drivers	Seery	3:30 - 4:00
•	OTA Baseline Concept	Beaman	4:00 - 4:30
•	Science Instrument Module	Bely	4:30 - 5:00
•	Goals for the Off-site and Change	Seery	5:00 - 6:00
	to the Working Group		

<sup>\*</sup>Support Systems Module



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# NGST SSM\* OFF-SITE AGENDA (CONT)

**DAY 2:** The Work

•	Candidate Operations Scenarios	Kalinowski	9:00 - 9:30
•	Working Session #1	Group	9:30 - 10:30
•	Break		10:30 - 10:45
•	Working Session #2	Group	10:45 - 12:30
•	Lunch		12:30 - 1:15
•	Working Session #3	Group	1:15 - 3:00
•	System Re-composition	Group	3:00 - 4:00

<sup>\*</sup>Support Systems Module



# **NGST**

## STEPS IN THE IPT DESIGN PROCESS

- 1. Acknowledge the science drivers which have been binned by levels (eg. Level 1, 2, 3, 4).
- Acknowledge those aspects of the observatory that are essentially a "given" (eg. L2, no EVA, ATLAS IIA).
- 3. Identify all of the major interfaces that the spacecraft team must service.
- 4. Identify and scope all of the major tasks that the spacecraft team must accomplish.
- 5. Identify and prioritize key design and technology drivers.
- 6. Identify top-level system requirements where there are none or they are ambiguous, say TBD.
- 7. Identify major trades and concept evaluation criteria.
- 8. Develop strawman end-to-end observatory functional concept.
- 9. Decompose strawman to the subsystem level and examine the trades and impacts.
- 10. Recompose to the systems level.



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# NGST CONCEPTUAL DESIGN STUDY PRODUCTS

- ONE POSSIBLE STRAWMAN OBSERVATORY DESIGN CONCEPT SUPPORTED BY A FEASIBILITY ESTIMATE
- ROM ESTIMATE OF RESOURCES
- A VALIDATED AND REFINED SET OF MISSION OBJECTIVES AND REQUIREMENTS
- A SET OF PRIORITIZED AND WEIGHTED CONCEPT EVALUATION CRITERIA
- TECHNICAL TALL POLES AND RISKS
- TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT ROADMAP
- TECHNOLOGY RISK MITIGATION (VALIDATION) PROGRAM
- INTERIM AND FINAL REPORT DOCUMENT



# NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE NGST THE CONSTRAINTS

COST OF CONSTRUCTION: \$500M

SCHEDULE: PHASE B START IN '03 AND 3-YEAR OBSERVATORY

**DEVELOPMENT LAUNCH IN '06** 

LAUNCH VEHICLE: 'MADE IN USA'

ALLOCATION COMES OUT OF THE PROJECTED LIFE CYCLE

**COST OF \$900M** 

DRESSLER RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE BASIS FOR THE SCIENCE MISSION
REQUIREMENTS

- ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATIVE SYSTEMS DESIGN WILL ENABLE NGST
  - NOT TO MENTION CREATIVE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES



# **NGST**

# **Top Level Budget Allocations\***

COMPONENT	SIZE (m)	WEIGHT (kg)	COST (\$M)
ОТА	upper 8 (inc. taper)	1000	\$100
SIM	2	500	\$100
S/C	1	500	\$50
OPS			\$45
RESERVE		818	\$205
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL	11	2818	500

<sup>\*</sup> Does Not Include Science Data Analysis or Technology Development



## **EVALUATION CRITERIA**

- FLEXIBILITY
- ROBUSTNESS
- SIMPLICITY
- DESIGN MARGIN
- MEETS LEVEL 1 SCIENCE
   REQUIREMENTS. LEVEL 2? LEVEL 3?
- COST REALISM
- TECHNOLOGICAL READINESS



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## **NGST OSM DESIGN DRIVERS**

- TELESCOPE TEMPERATURE
- LAUNCH VEHICLE PAYLOAD CAPABILITY
- SHROUD CONFIGURATION
- INSTRUMENT SCIENCE DATA RATE
- GUIDANCE AND CONTROL STRATEGY
- CONTAMINATION AVOIDANCE
- DEGREE OF SPACECRAFT AUTONOMY
- OTA CONFIGURATION AND DEPLOYMENT STRATEGY
- COST
- SCHEDULE (TECHNOLOGY MATURITY)



# NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE NGST NGST RELIABILITY PHILOSOPHY

- FAULT AVOIDANCE, OR "DO IT RIGHT THE FIRST TIME," IS THE BEST WAY TO MAKE THE OBSERVATORY RELIABLE
  - AMPLE DESIGN MARGINS
  - APPROPRIATE APPLICATION OF HIGH REL PARTS WHERE NEEDED
  - TECHNOLOGY VALIDATION DEMONSTRATIONS IN THE APPROPRIATE ENVIRONMENT
  - QA BY THE COGNIZANT OR LEAD ENGINEER



# NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE NGST RELIABILITY PHILOSOPHY (CONT)

- FAULT TOLERANCES AT THE COMPONENT LEVEL OR LOWER WHERE REQUIRED;
   SINGLE STRING EVERYWHERE ELSE
  - LESS EXPENSIVE THAN AT THE SUBSYSTEM LEVEL

#### **CAUSES OF FAILURES**

#### **ASSIGNED CAUSE**

DESIGN	24.8%
ENVIRONMENT	21.4%
<b>OPERATIONS</b>	4.7%
RANDOM	
PARTS	16.3%

QUALITY 7.7%
OTHER 6.3%
UNKNOWN 18.9%

# NASA

## **NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE**

# **NGST**

## **NGST STRAWMAN OBSERVATORY CONCEPT**

NGST IS AN 8-METER CLASS (7.2M EFFECTIVE;  $40M^2$  COLLECTING AREA) DEPLOYABLE TELESCOPE, OPTIMIZED FOR THE 1-5 $\mu$ m SPECTRAL REGION, AND WITH 'BEST-EFFORT' SPECTRAL THROUGHPUT FROM 0.5-20 $\mu$ m. THE PRIMARY MIRROR WILL INCLUDE SOME LEVEL OF POSITION, TILT AND HIGHER ORDER WAVEFRONT CORRECTION. THE OTA FIRST ORDER DESIGN IS AS FOLLOWS:

#### • OPTICAL TELESCOPE ASSEMBLY CHARACTERISTICS

APERTURE	8.0m
LIGHT GATHERING POWER	7.2m
FOCAL RATIO	F/10
TELESCOPE IMAGE LOCATION	40cm INSIDE
MAXIMUM OBSERVATION RATIO	20%
FOCAL PLANE CURVATURE	2m RADIUS
PRIMARY-TO-SECONDARY DESCOPE	8.94m
PRIMARY MIRROR FOCAL RATIO	F/1.25
SECONDARY MIRROR FOCAL RATIO	F/1.1
SECONDARY MIRROR APERTURE	85cm
SECONDARY MIRROR MAGNIFICATION	8x
NO. OF DEPLOYABLE MIRROR SEGMENTS	8
DIAMETER OF CENTRAL MIRROR SEGMENT	3.4m
FIELD OF VIEW	5x5 ARC MIN
OPTICS TEMPERATURE	30-40K



# **NGST**

### **NGST STRAWMAN**

- OBSERVATORY SUPPORT MODULE (OSM) CHARACTERISTICS:
  - 'WARM' MODULE, INCLUDING THE SUNSHADE, SOLAR ARRAYS, AND RF ANTENNAS
  - COARSE POINTING USING XTE-TYPE WHEELS TO THE ARCMINUTE LEVEL
  - 3-AXIS TRACKERS TO CONTROL FINE ROLL, COARSE PITCH & YAW
  - FINE STEERING MIRROR POINTING TO THE 5 MAS LEVEL
  - GYROS, COARSE AND DIGITAL SUN SENSORS
  - MOMENTUM UNLOADING VIA JETS (ION OR GAS TBD)
  - FIXED SOLAR ARRAYS (POSSIBLE CANTED) ATTACHED TO SUNSHADE (TBD)
  - X-BAND HGA, OMNI S-BAND ANTENNAS
  - PASSIVE COOLING OF OPTICS AND INSB DETECTORS VIA INFLATABLE 2-SHIELD SUNSHADES



# **NGST**

# **NGST MODEL SPECIFICATION**

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b>	<b>GOAL</b>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
OPTICAL SYSTEM			
-COLLECTING AREA	>12m²	50m <sup>2</sup>	EXPOSURE TIME PROPORTIONAL TO D-4
-OPTICAL QUALITY	D.L. AT 2μm		ASSUMES 8m APERTURE, 60-80 MAS FWHM
-WAVEFRONT ERROR	$\lambda$ /14 rms		STREHL RATIO = 0.8 FOR $\lambda$ = 2 $\mu$ m
-FIELD OF VIEW	>3' X 3'	4'x4'	
-ANGULAR RESOLUTION	<b>0.06</b> "		CORRESPONDS TO HST LEVELS AT $2\mu$
-ALIGNMENT (STATIC)	≤ 20% LOSS OF		
	<b>EFFICIENCY</b>		AT EDGE OF FOV
-SENSITIVITY	1.4 nJy		M = 31AB, 10 <sup>4</sup> SEC EXPOSURE
-TEMPERATURE	< 70K	30K	$T = 600/ \lambda max$
-POINTING	10 mas		~0.1 $\lambda_D$ AT $\lambda$ max
-STRUCTURAL FIRST			
MODE	>30H <sub>z</sub>	>50H <sub>z</sub>	
-JITTER	0.007 "rms		



# **NGST**

# NGST MODEL SPECIFICATION (CONT)

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>SPECIFICATIONS</u>	<u>GOAL</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>

**OPTICAL SYSTEM** 

-CENTER OF MASS -

**CENTER OF PRESSURE** 

OFFSET 11 cm 5 cm

-NOMINAL EXPOSURE 10<sup>4</sup> SEC COMPOSED OF 1000 SEC SUBFRAMES

-SPACECRAFT THERMAL

ENVIRONMENT -10 TO +40°C

-ROLL REQUIREMENTS 1" 1δ VALUE

-GUIDE STARS MINIMUM OF 1

 $m^{Y} = 19$  95% PROBABILITY

-MAXIMUM DYNAMIC

IMBALANCE TBD

-COORDINATE SYSTEM V1, V2, V3

-SCIENCE DATA TBD

**VOLUME** 



-TID

# **NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE**

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**EOL, ASSUMED 2 EVENTS/YEAR** 

# NGST MODEL SPECIFICATION (CONT)

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b>	<b>GOAL</b>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
OPTICAL SYSTEM			
-GALACTIC COSMIC			ON-BOARD COSMIC RAY
RAY FLUX	10 <sup>-5</sup> /PIXEL/SEC		REMOVAL BASELINED
-OPTICAL FIELD			
DISTORTION	TBD		
-BIT ERROR RATE	<b>10</b> <sup>-6</sup>	<b>10</b> <sup>-8</sup>	DOWNLINK
-SCIENCE DATA RATE	TBD	~1Mbps	ASSUME X2 DATA COMPRESSION AND CO-ADDING
-COMMAND UPLINK	>2 Kbps		
-AMBIENT RADIATION			
BKGRD	TBD		
-SOLAR RADIATION			
BKGRD	3 Krad PER EVENT		<b>BASED ON SOLAR CYCLE 22</b>

60 Krad



# NEXT GENERATION SPACE TELESCOPE NGST MODEL SPECIFICATION (CONT)

**NGST** 

PARAMETER SPECIFICATIONS GOAL COMMENTS

**OPTICAL SYSTEM** 

-SPACECRAFT

CHARGING <10 VOLTS

-CONTAMINATION 100A 10A/yr X 10 YEARS

-REFLECTIVITY LOSS DUE

TO ICING 2%/yr

-OBSCURATION EOL PARTICLE

**LEVEL OF 500** 

-CRUISE DURATION TO L2 TBD

-ORBIT ADJUST ∆v MINIMAL

-STATIONKEEPING  $\Delta v$  MINIMAL

-L2 ORBIT RADIUS  $0.5 \le r \le 30^{\circ}$ 

-OBSERVATORY LIFE 10 YEARS

-INSTRUMENT BAY

TEMPERATURE <40K 30K

-SKY COVERAGE >20% >25%

-PITCH-YAW 5"